## scLTdb tutorial

Junyao Jiang

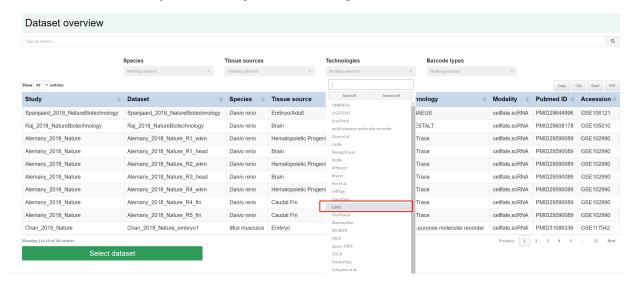
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### Introduction

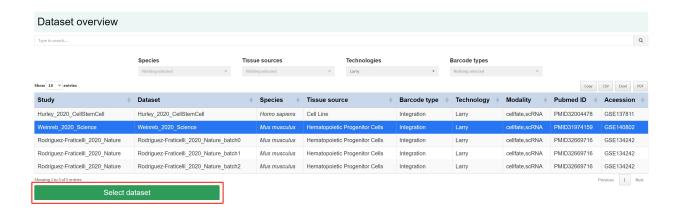
This tutorial provides users with information on how to effectively **search** for datasets, **re-analyze** and **visualize** datasets, and **download** datasets within the scLTdb. We will focuslf you have any suggestions or find bugs, please feel free to contact us.

## Search & querry datasets

The search page on scLTdb offers the functionality to search and query datasets based on several features, namely: 'Species', 'Tissue sources', 'Technologies', and 'Barcode types'. To illustrate, when you click on the drop-down box located under the **Technologies** feature and choose **Larry**, the interactive table will present all datasets that have **Larry** as their designated **Technologies**.



We begin by selecting the **Weinreb\_2020\_Science** dataset and then click the **Select dataset** button. Subsequently, scLTdb will redirect us to the analysis result page specific to the **Weinreb\_2020\_Science** dataset.

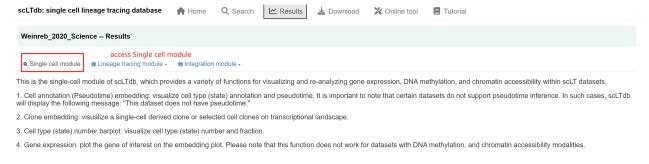


# Visualize & re-analyze datasets

After clicking on the **Select dataset** option, the user will be directed to the result page of the selected dataset. This result page provides three interactive modules for visualizing and analyzing single-cell lineage tracing datasets.

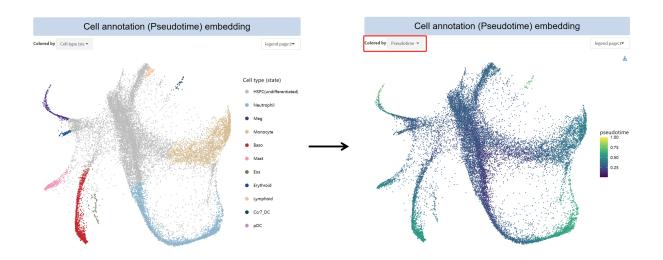
### single cell module

The single cell module of scLTdb provides a variety of functions for visualizing and re-analyzing gene expression, DNA methylation, and chromatin accessibility within scLT datasets. Users can click the **Single cell module** button to access this module.



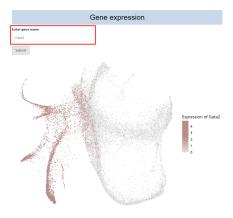
#### Visualize cell annotation and pseudotime

You can click **colored by** button in the **Cell annotation (Pseudotime) embedding** section to change cell color (colored by cell type or pseudotime).



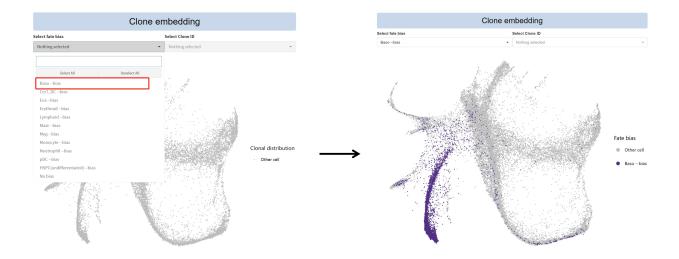
## Visualize gene expression

To visualize gene expression on the embedding plot, you can input interested gene name in the **Enter gene name** box

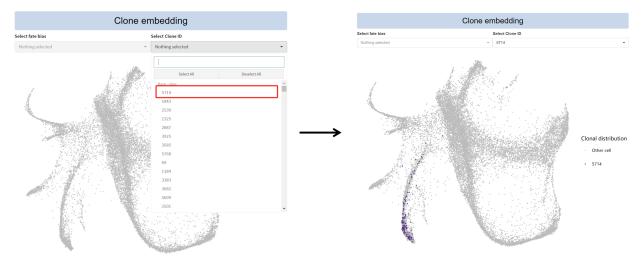


### Visualize clone embedding

To visualize a set of clones with the same fate bias, you can click the **Select fate bias** button in the clone embedding section.

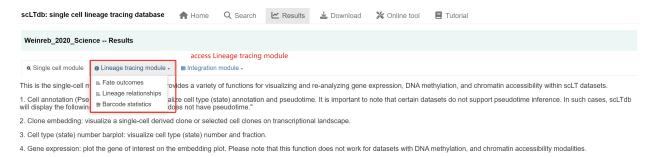


In a similar way, you can visualize single clone by clicking **Select Clone ID** button.



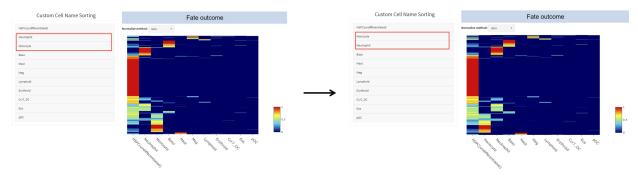
## Lineage tracing module

The lineage tracing module of the scLTdb offers a range of functions to visualize and re-analyze lineage tracing (clone) data modalities within scLT datasets. Users can click the **Lineage tracing module** button to access this module.



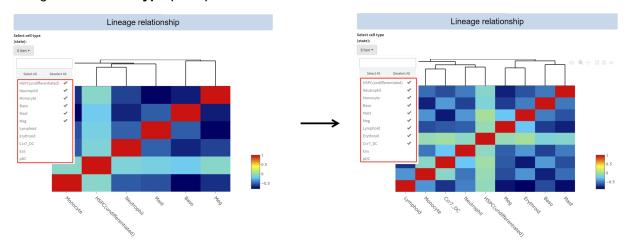
#### **Fate outcomes**

This function can assist users to re-map cell fate of targeted populations by visualizing the barcode propagation across various cell types or states. Users can adjust the column order (cell type order) of the heatmap. This can be done by simply rolling the cell types (states) bars located on the left panel of the heatmap.



### Lineage relationships

This function is used to compare the lineage similarity between cell types (states) based on the number and frequency of barcodes present in each cell type (state). If two cell types share many barcodes at similar frequencies, they are likely to have arisen from a common developmental pathway; if not, they probably developed more independently. Users can select specific cell types to reconstruct lineage relationships by clicking on **Select cell type (state)**.



### **Barcode statistics**

This section help users to visualize the number of cells carry the same clonal barcode.



### Integration module

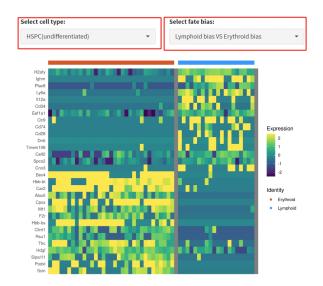
The integration module offers a range of functions to perform integrative analysis and visualization of gene expression and lineage tracing clones. Users can click the **Integration module** button to access this module.

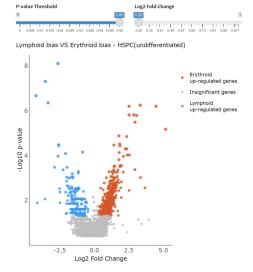


#### **Fate bias DEGs**

This section provides Differentially Expressed Genes (DEGs) analysis for cells with different fate biases. For example, we want to analyze the transcriptome heterogeneity between **Lymphroid biased HSPC** and **Erythroid biased HSPC**, we select cell type as **HSPC**, and fate bias as **Lymphroid bias vs Erythroid bias**.

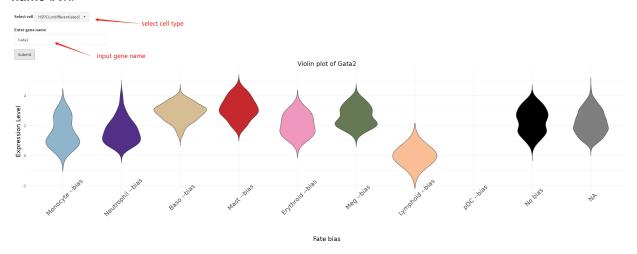
For the volcano plot, you can use the slide windows of **P-value Threshold** and **Log2 Fold Change** to adjust the significant genes.





### Violin plot of gene with different fate bias

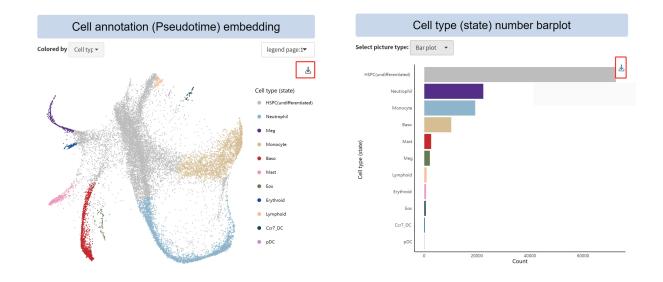
scLTdb also provides function for users to demonstrate the variation in gene expression across different fate biases within a particular cell type. For example, we want to visualize the expression of Gata2 among different **HSPC** fate biases. We firstly need to select cell type **HSPC**, then type **Gata2** at the **Enter gene name** box.



## **Download**

## Download plots of online analyzed result.

When users hover their mouse over the figures in scLTdb, a download icon will be displayed on the left side of the plot. Users can click on this icon to download the figures they are interested in.



## Download well-processed datasets and analysis result

scLTdb also enables users to download both well-processed single-cell lineage tracing datasets and the corresponding analysis results. These download links are conveniently accessible through an interactive table. Furthermore, we have created a backup repository in ZENODO where users can also access and download our datasets.

